

Appendix C

Submission responses – summary



Table 1 presents a summary of the key points raised in the written submissions.

Table 1: Summary of the written submissions

Theme / section of the strategy	Key point (summarised)	Department response	Change to strategy?
CARRS framework	Better embed CAR throughout the strategy to ensure delivery of the Strategy for the NRS	The department recognises the importance of the CARRS approach; however, CARRS is a single framework used to guide additions to the protected area system and therefore does not need to be further imbedded throughout the document.	N
National alignment	Seeking greater alignment about how the strategy connects to the: National OECMs Framework, and National Roadmap for protecting and conserving 30% of Australia's land by 2030	Noted. The department has updated the Introduction, Protected areas and Conserved areas sections to better align with National framework and roadmap.	Y
National alignment	There should be a stronger link to Target 3 and Target 4, and the strategy should use the management actions, approaches and indicators outlined in these targets	Noted. Stronger link to Target 3: We have made the link to Target 3 stronger by updating the following sections: Introduction, What are protected areas? and What are conserved areas? Stronger link to Target 4: We note that the delivery of this strategy will help to contribute to Target 4. However, unlike Target 3 (which is specifically about targeting additions to protected areas), Target 4 is not an overarching aim of this strategy, so we will not include it. Including the management action etc: Whilst this strategy is helping drive South Australia's contribution to Target 3, the scope of the strategy is broader. Therefore, including these specific actions, approaches and indicators is not appropriate.	Y N N
Private land	There is a need to do more to encourage private protected areas	Noted. The department has updated the supporting text to Strategic priority 4.1 to recognise the work that needs doing to explore and clarify the role of private	Y

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	- i.e. flexible heritage agreements, expanded covenant options, broader investment base, stewardship agreements	protected areas, and identify the types of supports that will help private landholders and conservation partners. These suggestions will be considered as part of this.	
Private land	How will land holders be supported to address private land contribution?	The department recognises that as part of the strategy's delivery, we must work with private landholders and conservation partners to explore and clarify the role of private protected areas and identify the types of supports that will help private landholders and conservation partners. The following enabling actions will help to achieve this: - Convene a biennial forum - Develop options for an expanded suite of private land covenant - Implement trials to support Conserved Areas	N
Private land	Suggestion to include Biodiversity Agreements in Table 2 and Appendix 1	Noted. They have been added to Table 2 and the Appendix.	Y
private land	Suggestion to develop an independent statutory trust	Noted. This will be considered in the investment framework	N
Private land	To achieve “30 by 30” to align with the national targets there will need to be an upscaling of effort for private land conservation. How will this strategy increase private land conservation?	This strategy recognises the importance of private land conservation. The strategy includes three enabling actions that are aimed at helping to support increase private land conservation. These enabling actions include: - the biennial forum to discuss priorities and coordinate action (this may include discussions about drivers and barriers for private land conservationists) - Develop options for an expanded suite of private land covenants (with the aim to make adoption of covenants more effective and attractive to private landholders)	N

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		- Implement trials that test tools, frameworks and policy setting in support Conserved Areas in South Australia (conserved areas will also be key to expanding our efforts to increase private land conservation).	
First Nations	Suggestion to recognise the role of Traditional Custodians in managing protected areas	Noted. We have added an Acknowledgment of country and further imbed First Nations perspectives across the document	Y
First Nations	Clarify if locations of cultural significant that require protection will be listed on the Register of Aboriginal Sites and Objects	The department would like to clarify that most locations of cultural significance that require protection, and have already been identified, exist on the register.	N
First Nations	Suggestion to imbed First Nations-led governance frameworks within management of protected and conserved areas	Although this suggestion sits outside the scope of the strategy, we acknowledge its importance and have passed it on to the relevant units within the department for consideration.	N
First Nations	Protect Indigenous Cultural and Intellectual Property (ICIP) by requiring clear protocols around access to and sharing of cultural knowledge	Although this suggestion sits outside the scope of the strategy, we acknowledge its importance and have passed it on to the relevant units within the department for consideration.	N
First Nations	Imbed principles of FPIC when partnering with Traditional Owners	Noted. We have included principles of FPIC within the supporting text to Strategic Priority 3.1	Y
First Nations	Suggest strengthening long-term resourcing and support of First Nations groups	Although this suggestion sits outside the scope of the strategy, we acknowledge its importance and have passed it on to the relevant units within the department for consideration.	N
Connectivity	Landscape-scale connectivity	Connectivity is key to developing a robust protected area system, and the department has added this into the strategy. We have: • Added a section that highlights the importance of connectivity and protection at landscape scapes to the Climate Change section • Added a section that illustrates the role that conserved areas can play in	Y

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		enhancing connectivity in the Why are protected and conserved areas important section	
Connectivity	With regards to the Case Study, how will similar opportunities to connect habitat be prioritised?	The department recognises that as part of the strategy's delivery, we must work with private landholders and conservation partners to explore and clarify the role of private protected areas, and how they interact with public protected areas. The biennial forum can be used to explore opportunities to connect habitat across different tenures.	N
Interaction with industry	Seeking reassurance that the strategy won't: adversely affect companies with approved mining and exploration licenses, will not sterilise resources, will not delay mining industry approvals	The department wants to reassure that this strategy does not impact the statutory process for how land is added to the protected area estate. This strategy does not reflect any change in policy position regarding mining in South Australia.	N
Interaction with industry	Suggestion to update South Australia's Multiple Land Use Framework and use this to guide decisions around coexistence of industry with protected and conserved areas.	Noted. This will be considered as part of the strategy's delivery.	N
Interaction with industry	Suggestion that before declaring new or expanded protected or conserved areas, the Geological Survey should assess mineral exploration and mining potential to avoid restricting future access to valuable resources to maintain productive land use.	The process for declaring new or expanded protected areas remains the same, the Department for Energy and Mining is consulted prior to all proclamation proposals.	N
Interaction with industry	The environmental approvals process for mineral exploration and mining should not become	The environmental approvals process for mineral exploration and mining remains the same.	N

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	more onerous in Protected and Conserved Areas in South Australia.		
Interaction with industry	New protected areas should allow mineral exploration and mining where possible. Existing jointly proclaimed parks should remain.	Noted. Existing parks are unaffected by this Strategy. Each new park or addition is considered on a case by case basis considering both the conservation and heritage values of the land and its prospectivity.	N
Interaction with industry	Suggestion that the State Development and Co-ordination Act (yet to be released) to have a role working with DEW and economic agencies to advise on the benefits and trade-offs of expanding or declaring conserved and protected areas.	Noted.	N
Interaction with industry	Spatial and geoscientific data should be reviewed by the Geological Survey with the 'outcomes and wilderness assessments' to inform decisions around land use.	Noted.	N
Interaction with industry	Include a link to a live spatial database showing protected areas and conserved areas that shows all other property rights, including mining licences in South Australia.	We have included a link to NatureMaps, where people may use the existing layer system to see protected areas and mining licences. Explicit mention of this is outside the scope of the strategy.	N
Regional housing	Suggestion to strengthen the requirements of regional housing developments to be greener	Noted. This sits outside of the scope of the strategy and the department's remit.	N

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Partnership	Suggestion to include Heritage Agreement Landholders as key partners	Noted. We have added private landholders throughout the document.	N
Partnership	Suggestions to partner with key organisations (identified in the submissions) to help deliver the enabling actions (specifically the development and implementation of the investment framework, and the biennial forum)	Noted. This will be investigated as part of the strategy's deliver.	N
Strategy on a page	The title says 'land-based', but this language is not used in Vision and Purpose in the Strategy on a Page - suggestion to reinforce this	Noted. We have included the title in the Strategy on a page	Y
Guiding principles	Suggestion to create a First Nations specific guiding principle	Noted. We have added a First Nations specific guiding principle.	Y
Guiding Principles	Suggestion to add a 30 by 30 guiding principle: "Contribute to the achievement of the national target to protect and conserve 30% of Australia's landmass by 2030."	Noted. We have added this 30 by 30 specific guiding principle.	Y
Guiding Principles	Suggestion to edit GP 1: "Prioritise areas that protect significant biodiversity and conservation values."	Noted. We have made this edit.	Y
Goals and strategic priorities	This section is a long way into the plan and could be more effective to have it before the CARRS assessment.	Noted. The different assessments under 'Status of South Australia's protection' feed into the goals and strategic priorities, and so the current structure makes sense (from a logic and narrative perspective). By including the goals and	N

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		strategic priorities on the strategy on a page, they are still introduced at the beginning of the document and should not come as a surprise to the reader.	
Goals and strategic priorities	Suggest replacing "increase" with "increase and expand" (because increase suggests increased biodiversity values, and expand suggests land-based expansion)	Noted. We considered this edit, however found that "increase" suffices (given the current structure and wording of the goals and strategic priorities).	N
G1	Suggestion that we need better data sharing	The department recognises the importance of data sharing. We have added a call-out box to the section, Status of South Australia's protection, which provides links to the technical reports, datasets, metadata and map layers	Y
G2	Concern that protected areas should set the benchmark for best practice in terms of management, but don't (due to lack of funding).	By setting a clear vision and direction, the strategy will help the department to use resources more strategically.	N
G2	Seeking statements about strengthening science and traditional knowledge to understand climate change and inform decision making	Noted. We have added Strategic priority 2.3: Continue refining our response to climate change by drawing on Traditional Knowledge and modern science	Y
G2	Suggestion to include a strategic priority under Goal 2: to identify plant species with physiological features optimised to thrive in these regions for the foreseeable future.	Noted. We have added Strategic priority 2.3: Continue refining our response to climate change by drawing on Traditional Knowledge and modern science – which encompasses this suggestion.	N
G3	Suggestion to see measures for protection of Biodiversity within Metro Adelaide	Noted. We have not included any specific measures for protection of biodiversity within metropolitan Adelaide (as this is too granular). However, we note this importance and will consider this in the implementation of the strategy.	N
G3	Wants to reiterate that conservation is the primary goal	This is already included in the section, How will this strategy operate.	N

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G4	Suggestion to develop a permanent legal protection mechanism for private land conservation	Noted. This will be considered in the enabling action about developing an expanded suite of covenants.	N
Enabling action - investment framework	Suggestion to update the wording to: "Develop and implement an investment framework to guide how government works with conservation and investment partners to fund the expansion and enhancement of the protected and conserved area system."	Noted. This has been updated as per the recommendation.	Y
Enabling action - investment framework	Suggestion to develop a dedicated land acquisition fund that can partner with the Commonwealth's 'Saving Australia's Bushland Program'	Noted. This will be investigated as part of the development of the investment fund.	N
Enabling action - investment framework	Suggestion that the South Australian government needs to commit own funding to help attract co-investment	Noted. This will be investigated as part of the development of the investment fund.	N
Enabling action - investment framework	If this is a key enabling action about increasing resourcing, suggest it could be made more explicit about attracting nature finance to acquire and manage conservation land with conservation and government partners, donors and corporate investors, and exploring expanded	Noted. Attracting nature finance is an element of this enabling action. We do not want to limit the scope of the investment framework and hence have not edited the enabling action any further.	N

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	use of environmental markets for restoration.		
Enabling action - forum	This is a very specific action, and it is not clear what it is trying to achieve. Is this about increasing resourcing into the private conservation estate? Is that something that is being asked of government to deliver specifically for the private conservation estate and not the public estate?	Noted. The intention of the biennial forum is to create a space for the sector (public and private land) to discuss and identify priorities for addition into the protected or conserved area estate, and to foster better collaboration and alignment between these stakeholders. It is not specifically about increasing resourcing into the private conservation estate.	N
Enabling action - forum	Support for the biennial forum	Noted.	N
Enabling action - covenants	Suggestion to adopt enhanced protection conservation covenants.	Noted. This will be considered in the enabling action about developing an expanded suite of covenants.	N
Enabling action - covenants	Seeking clarity on the intent of the covenant enabling actions. Does this mean that to meet biodiversity goals, a diverse range of options on private land must be considered? Is this referring to the need to develop covenants to support recognition of conserved areas?	Yes, the intent of this enabling action is to ensure there is a diverse range of covenants on private land to achieve biodiversity outcomes. It is about reviewing / enhancing the covenants that exist (for protected area recognition), with the option to develop covenants to support recognition of conserved areas. It has been left slightly ambiguous to ensure there is space for growth in both areas.	N
Enabling action - covenants	Support for the enabling action: expand suite of private land covenants. There's lots of potential for Conserved Areas (lightly grazed	Noted.	N

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	areas with natural regen potential).		
Enabling action - covenants and conserved areas	Consider including partnering with SA Landscape Boards in these enabling actions: Develop options for an expanded suite of private land covenants for improving conservation outcomes, and Work with the Australian Government to implement trials that test tools, frameworks, and policy settings in support of Conserved Areas in South Australia	Noted. We intend to work with the landscape boards in delivering these enabling actions, however, do not include this level of detail in the strategy.	N
Enabling action - conserved areas	Suggestion to edit the delivery timing of the Conserved Areas enabling action to the end of 2026 (to align with the Protecting Important Biodiversity Areas Program)	Noted. This has been updated as per the recommendation.	Y
Enabling action - crown land audit	Supports crown land audit	Noted.	N
Enabling action - conserved areas	Suggestion to edit the conserved area enabling action to state: "Work with the Australian Government to implement trials that test and align frameworks, and policy settings, and site assessment tools in support of Conserved Areas in South Australia."	Noted. This has been updated as per the recommendation.	Y

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Enabling action - communications strategy	The community communications strategy should promote balanced dialogue on land access for all industries, including mining.	Noted. This will be considered as part of the delivery of this enabling action.	N
Enabling action - extra	Suggestion to add enabling action to reform legislation of protected areas in SA - specifically to prevent mining	Although this suggestion sits outside the scope of the strategy, we acknowledge its importance and have passed it on to the relevant units within the department for consideration.	N
Enabling action - all	Seeking monitoring, eval and reporting frameworks for each of the actions	This is not within the scope of the strategy document but will be developed once the strategy has been endorsed.	N
Enabling action - all	Consider linking the Actions to Regional Planning underway at a Commonwealth level.	This level of detail is outside the scope of the strategy.	N
Introduction	Don't say that SA's biodiversity loss follows global patterns, as it is indeed faster.	Noted. The introduction has been updated accordingly.	Y
Introduction	There is no mention of pest species or drought on state biodiversity levels	The introduction text includes a sentence referencing the impact of pest species and drought on biodiversity levels	N
Introduction	Suggest updating the text to reflect that the National 30 by 30 Roadmap and the National Other Effective area-based Conservation Measures Framework were developed jointly with all state, territory, and the Australian Government and agreed by all environment ministers (rather than	Noted. The introduction has been updated accordingly.	Y

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	being developed by the Australian Government in isolation).		
What does this strategy do?	Suggest moving the Purpose and Vision to the top of 'What does this strategy do?'	Noted. The, What does this strategy do? section has been updated accordingly.	Y
What does this strategy do?	The success of this strategy depends on investment into ongoing management of parks, and not just expansion	Noted. The department acknowledges that the draft strategy did not discuss how the department would consider funding and resources available for effective park management. We have edited the section, What does this strategy do? to articulate that by setting a clear vision and direction, the strategy will help the department to use resources more strategically; and confirm that the implementation of the strategy will therefore consider the need for adequate resourcing to support effective park management and conservation outcomes.	Y
What does this strategy do?	Suggestion to be clearer that the strategy is until 2035 (and not only in effect for the duration of 30 by 30)	Noted. We have updated the final paragraph of the introduction to illustrate that the strategy will continue past the 30 by 30 goal, and have included the 2035 timeframe in the section, What does this strategy do?	Y
What does this strategy do?	Seeking longer-term ambition - right now it sounds like we will only be adding land until 2030 (until the 30% target is reached).	Noted. We have updated the final paragraph of the introduction to illustrate that the strategy will continue past the 30 by 30 goal, and have included the 2035 timeframe in the section, What does this strategy do?	Y
What does this strategy do?	Seeking clarity about expanding and enhancing, as right now enhancing could be referencing the management of parks.	Noted the lack of clarity about what expanding and enhancing refers to and wants to confirm that management of parks is outside of the scope of the strategy (which is why there are no goals or enabling actions about management). We have defined expansion and enhancement under the section, What does this strategy do? Expansion (Growing South Australia's protected and conserved area estate by increasing the amount of land it includes) and Enhancement	Y

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		(Improving the quality and effectiveness of protected and conserved areas by adding land with important conservation or cultural heritage values, or land that strengthens the function and resilience of the existing estate)	
What does this strategy do?	Suggestion that there should be more about co-management	Because park management is outside of the scope of the strategy, so is co-management. However, we do identify co-managed parks as a core part of our protected area estate (see table 2 and the Appendix 1)	N
Monitoring	Suggestion to include ongoing monitoring of protected areas to ensure they continue to provide meaningful ecological and social benefits over time	Noted. This will be considered as part of the strategy's delivery.	N
Monitoring	Support the 5-year review, but suggests there is a need more regular informal reviews to track progress	Noted. The section, How will the strategy operate? mentions that in addition to formal review at the 5-year mark, there may be broader reviews - which captures this idea of more regular informal reviews.	N
Monitoring	Suggestion to provide annual updates on progress of Crown land audit	This is already an enabling action: "Following the prioritisation of Crown land, provide annual updates on progress to convert lands to the protected and conserved area system."	N
Monitoring	Suggestion to create a public dashboard identifying annual additions	Noted. This will be considered as part of the strategy's delivery.	N
Targets	Suggestion to establish clear targets (including climate targets)	The department recognises that targets have a place for driving action, however this strategy uses Strategic Priorities (as opposed to figure-based targets), to ensure that the strategy remains dynamic and relevant.	N
What are protected areas?	Suggestion to update the text about protected areas to match the National 30 by 30 roadmap	Noted. The Protected areas section has been updated accordingly.	Y
What are protected areas?	The NRS in and of itself does not track protected areas statistics. Protected areas are recorded in	Noted. Reference to the NRS has been removed from the Protected areas section, so no longer relevant	N

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	the Collaborative Australian Protected Areas Database (CAPAD), which is a spatial and textual database that provides information on Australia's protected areas at national, state and territory levels. Published every 2 years, CAPAD provides a national perspective on the conservation of biodiversity in protected areas.		
What are protected areas?	What type of protected area is the reference to 'Private conservation reserves through agreement with the Australian Government' referring to? These areas are also referenced in Appendix 1 on page 28.	Noted. This was an error and was supposed to indicate "through agreement with the South Australian Government". This change has been made to Table 2 and Appendix 1.	Y
What are protected areas?	Should not include offset areas in calculation of total protected areas	The department has noted this feedback; however, the department calculates total protected areas using direction from the national approach (in line with CAPAD). This ensures consistency at a state and national level.	N
What are protected areas?	Suggestion to update the following section: "Protected areas on private land are secured through legally binding conservation covenants, Native Vegetation Heritage Agreements, or through agreement with the Australian Government"	Noted. This section has been simplified and so this reference is no longer relevant, however this sentiment has been carried through to Table 2 and Appendix 1.	Y

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What are protected areas?	Refer to Heritage Agreements as Native Vegetation Heritage Agreements	Noted. This change has been made to all mentions of Native Vegetation Heritage Agreements	Y
What are protected areas?	Be clear that heritage agreements are a type of conservation covenant	Noted. This change has been made to all mentions of Native Vegetation Heritage Agreements	Y
What are protected areas?	Suggestion to include a call-out box that illustrates the work that partners do in maintaining protected areas	Noted. We worked with the Australian Land Conservation Alliance to pull together a case study that illustrates the important role of private protected areas, and how they contribute to broader protection and conservation.	Y
What are conserved areas?	According to Australia's OECMs Framework, conserved area recognition should be considered for areas that do not meet the Protected Area definition, for example where formal Protected Area designation is not possible, appropriate, or supported. Consider updating text to reflect this.	Noted. The Conserved areas section has been updated accordingly.	Y
What are conserved areas?	Consider updating this text to reflect that Parties to the Convention on Biological Diversity agreed a definition for OECMs in 2018. Since then, the IUCN has developed guidance to support the consistent, global recognition of OECMs.	Noted. The Conserved areas section has been simplified and so this reference is no longer relevant.	N
What are conserved areas?	Suggest the Conserved areas text could refer to Australia having	Noted. The Conserved areas section has been simplified and so this reference is no longer relevant	N

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	adopted the OECM definition agreed by CBD Parties.		
What are conserved areas?	Consider including further information from the National OECMs Framework in the Conserved areas section, for example it provides principles to guide the recognition of conserved areas in Australia, including guidance on the types of areas that may be suitable for recognition.	Noted. The Conserved area section has been updated accordingly.	Y
What are conserved areas?	While no conserved areas have been recognised in South Australia, you could consider referring to Australian Government funding under the Protecting Important Biodiversity Program which will assist SA to trial implementation of the framework and recognition of conserved areas.	This level of detail is not normally included within departmental strategy documents.	N
What are conserved areas?	Need to update definition of Conserved areas to illustrate that they are formally designated.	Noted. The Conserved area section has been updated accordingly, specifically to align with the OECMs framework.	Y
What are conserved areas?	Need to update definition of Conserved areas to include long-term character of conserved areas.	Noted. The Conserved area section has been updated accordingly, specifically to align with the OECMs framework.	Y
What are conserved areas?	Consider referring to 'secondary management objective' rather	Noted. This section has been simplified and so this reference is no longer relevant.	N

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	than 'secondary outcome' (for conserved areas)`		
Status of South Australia's protection	Suggestion to use scaling for prioritisation instead of hard cut-offs (i.e. priority, not priority)	The department adopted a three-tier scale for prioritisation (high, medium, low). We acknowledge that real-world priorities are more nuanced than these categories, however, this approach provides a practical framework to begin discussions. The underlying data and analysis are publicly available, and the department encourages others to explore and apply them in alternative ways.	N
Status of South Australia's protection	Suggestion to include a direct link to the supporting technical report, as there is little information in the strategy itself that outlines the Outcomes prioritisation method. Yet this forms the basis of priorities in Table 3.	Noted. We have added a call out box to page 12 that has all the relevant hyperlinks.	Y
CARRS	Consider adding a link in the IBRA box to the IBRA webpage.	Noted. This hyperlink has been added.	Y
CARRS	It's not accurate to suggest that target 3 of the Global Biodiversity Framework proposes 30% protection for each region and subregion.	Noted. Now this section now only references the 10% threshold.	Y
CARRS outcomes assessment	Suggestion to include more concrete information regarding SA's threatened species and IBRA subregions	Please refer to the Strategy's Supporting Technical Report for this greater detail.	N
CARRS outcomes assessment	Suggest considering the wording from GBF target 3 and Section 6 of the National 30 by 30 Roadmap in explaining how the CARRS	Noted. The department has updated the outcomes approach section to illustrate the criteria for identifying priority areas (30 by 30 National roadmap) to clearly illustrate how this new assessment aligns with the national approach.	Y

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	outcomes assessment prioritises land.		
CARRS outcomes assessment	Query if the outcomes approach supersedes (or will supersede once results are available across SA) the results from the geographic approach? If so, suggest making this explicit.	Noted. The Outcomes assessment section has been updated accordingly.	Y
CARRS outcomes assessment	Commit to a timeline for delivering the Outcomes assessment for the whole state (including a suggestion for end of 2026)	The department is committed to conducting the outcomes assessment for the whole state by 2028, and have included this timeframe in the document	Y
CARRS outcomes assessment	Add an enabling action that data gaps outside the agricultural zone will be addressed	The department recognises that the strategy was not clear about when the data gaps would be addressed. We have updated the section, Outcomes approach, to clearly articulate that this assessment will be available for the whole state by 2028. This is linked to the enabling action: Update spatial prioritisation using the 'outcomes assessment' and 'wilderness assessment' to support data-driven acquisitions, identify priority restoration opportunities, and support the adaptation of key ecosystems to climate change. Given this enabling action also relates to the wilderness assessment, we did not include the 2028 timing here.	Y
CARRS outcomes assessment	Suggestion to invest in better data and ongoing monitoring and modelling	The department is committed to conducting the outcomes assessment for the whole state by 2028. This assessment will enable meaningful monitoring and modelling throughout the duration of the strategy, and beyond.	N
CARRS outcomes assessment	Suggestion to use data and analysis that already exists for identifying key biodiversity (do not	The outcomes assessment uses the types of values flagged the submission, and more.	?

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	need to do the updated CARRS assessment for the rest of the state)		
Climate change	The inclusion of restoration under the Climate Change section is confusing because it does not clearly align with being related to protected or conserved areas.	Areas for restoration make up an important part of our conservation approach (see the guiding principles). There is opportunity to target areas for restoration through private protected areas or conserved areas.	N
Modified landscapes	Consider reflecting the text of the OECM Framework, which refers to conserved area recognition being considered for areas where formal Protected Area designation is 'not possible, appropriate, or supported'.	Noted. The Modified Landscapes section has been updated accordingly.	Y
Glossary of Terms	Update the Glossary of terms as per above edits	Noted. This has been updated.	Y
Glossary of Terms	Add hyperlinks to the Glossary of Terms	Noted. This has been updated as per the recommendation.	y
Appendix 1	Update Heritage Agreements: "Conservation areas ordinarily on protect and/or restore biodiversity."	Noted. This has been updated as per the recommendation.	Y
Priority areas	Suggestion that the Fleurieu Peninsula is SA's most urgent priority.	Noted. This will be considered in the implementation of the strategy.	N
Priority areas	Suggestion to target riparian corridors along rivers to connect remnant vegetation with National Parks (to support G1 and G2)	Noted. This will be considered in the implementation of the strategy.	N

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Priority areas	Suggestion to protect linear crown land strip along length of hills and Fleurieu	Noted. This will be considered in the implementation of the strategy.	N
Priority areas	Suggestion to mention the prioritisation of Limestone Coast specifically	Noted. This will be considered in the implementation of the strategy.	N
Priority areas	How will external factors that might impact the ongoing conservation value of protected areas (e.g. total grazing pressure, introduced predators, mining) be incorporated into decision making and prioritisation?	When the department considers adding priority land to the protected area estate, external factors that impact conservation values and ongoing management requirements are considered on a case-by-case basis through consultation with regional staff.	N